

International Standard**753/5**

W-75-51

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION • МЕЖДУНАРОДНАЯ ОРГАНИЗАЦИЯ ПО СТАНДАРТИЗАЦИИ • ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

**Acetic acid for industrial use — Methods of test —
Part 5 : Determination of total acetaldehyde content —
Titrimetric method***Acide acétique à usage industriel — Méthodes d'essai — Partie 5 : Dosage de l'acétaldéhyde total — Méthode titrimétrique***First edition — 1981-10-15**

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards institutes (ISO member bodies). The work of developing International Standards is carried out through ISO technical committees. Every member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been set up has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council.

International Standard ISO 753/5 was developed by Technical Committee ISO/TC 47, *Chemistry*, and was circulated to the member bodies in March 1980.

It has been approved by the member bodies of the following countries :

Australia	Germany, F. R.	South Africa, Rep. of
Austria	Hungary	Switzerland
Belgium	India	Thailand
Brazil	Italy	United Kingdom
China	Korea, Rep. of	USSR
Czechoslovakia	Netherlands	
Egypt, Arab Rep. of	Poland	
France	Romania	

No member body expressed disapproval of the document.

This International Standard has also been approved by the International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry (IUPAC).

International Standards ISO 753/1 to ISO 753/11 cancel and replace ISO Recommendation R 753-1968, of which they constitute a technical revision.

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